WITHDRAWAL FROM LAW SCHOOL

Generally
Generally a student who desires to withdraw from the School of Law should consult the Dean’s Office and make known the reasons for withdrawal. Withdrawal without good cause established at the time of withdrawal, or withdrawal without submission of the reasons for withdrawal to the Dean’s Office, may prevent later readmission to the Law School. A student who withdraws while on academic probation will be allowed to reenter only in exceptional circumstances. Failure to re-enroll is equivalent to withdrawal (with the exception of summer session).

Any student who has withdrawn from the law school and desires to be readmitted should submit a petition to the Dean’s Office, setting forth the reasons for withdrawal and the reasons for seeking readmission. (See the section "Readmission of Students."

The School of Law reserves the right to require the withdrawal at any time of any student who, in the judgment of the law school administration, is not profiting or is not likely to profit from the instruction offered; who is neglectful, irregular, or indifferent in the performance of required duties and studies; or whose character or conduct is inconsistent with the good order of the law school or with the standards of the legal profession.

In some circumstances, withdrawal may result in the student assuming the liability for the payment of any remaining institutional charges for the enrollment period in addition to any miscellaneous charges outstanding on the student account.

A federal aid recipient who withdraws from an enrollment period is subject to possible repayment of federal aid disbursed to the student (after payment of institutional charges) for living expenses and other educational needs. If the cash disbursed is greater than the educational expenses incurred (based on a weekly educational budget allowance: for the actual period of enrollment prior to withdrawal, a portion of the federal aid received may be returned to one or more of the federal aid programs. The student must repay these amounts back to the University.

Impact of Withdrawal on Institutional and Non-Institutional (Non-Federal Only) Loans and Scholarships
If a student withdraws during an enrollment period for which a University loan or scholarship, or a private loan or scholarship has been received and utilized to pay all or a portion of institutional charges (tuition, course fees, dorm room, and basic telephone service fees), any excess funds (resulting from the reduction of institutional charges stemming from the withdrawal action) will be returned to each non-federal loan or scholarship program according to the percent of the total